



"Immediate Impact" Recommendations

Discussion of Priorities

Presentation at the AB 1520 Task Force Meeting Sacramento, CA

September 26, 2018

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	Recommendation	Subcommittee	Cost	Targeted Group(s)
1.	Potential proposal: Impose statewide rent control in specified circumstances. Controls would be focused on most vulnerable populations and would occur only when local governments are not meeting housing goals. Controls would be implemented as a stop-gap measure for those with a critical need until local housing goals are met.	Housing and Homelessness	Administration and support costs	All people dwelling in covered units
2.	Prevent SNAP sanctions for families with children 0-5 and pregnant women	Social Safety Net	\$6 million annually	Youth in poverty and deep poverty, as well as those at risk of poverty
3.	Fund summer lunch in libraries and develop an EBT pilot	Social Safety Net	Depends on size of pilot: \$120 per child per summer	Youth in poverty and deep poverty, as well as those at risk of poverty
4.	Expand the Bringing Families Home Program statewide.	Housing and Homelessness	Low tens of millions per year	Those in poverty and deep poverty
5.	Universal school food programs	Social Safety Net	Low tens of millions to over \$1 billion, depending on reach of program	Youth at risk of poverty





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6.	Provide ongoing housing subsidies and services for families and youth experiencing homelessness to access private-market housing or affordable housing to end homelessness among this population.	Housing and Homelessness	\$24 million annually	Those in deep poverty
7.	Potential proposal: Provide housing vouchers for young adults aging out of Extended Foster Care until their 26th birthday.	Housing and Homelessness / Special Populations	\$12 million first year rising to \$48 million by fourth year and hold steady thereafter	Young adults graduating from the Extended Foster Care Program
8.	Expansion of the Emergency Child Care Bridge for Foster Families	Early Childhood / Special Populations	\$85 million to expand to eligible children ages 0-12; \$45 million for children 0-3	Youth in poverty and deep poverty, as well as those at risk of poverty
9.	Align CalWORKs time limits with the federal 60-month time limit	Social Safety Net	\$100 million annually	Those in poverty and deep poverty
10.	Adequate and appropriate housing for Transition Age Youth (TAY) and nonminor dependents (NMD)	Housing and Homelessness / Special Populations	Providing additional 4,000 THP- Plus housing slots would cost approximately \$160 million annually	Youth in poverty and deep poverty, as well as those at risk of poverty
11.	Expand the CalEITC amount and the CalEITC eligible population	Social Safety Net	Raise low-earners to full credit: \$200 million; double credit: \$600 million; extend phase out; from low tens of millions to hundreds of millions, depending how the phase out is structured	Those in poverty





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12.	Fund shallow rental subsidies for certain families with children.	Housing and Homelessness	\$66 million per 10,000 covered. Potentially in high hundreds of millions to over \$1 billion if provided widely	Those in poverty and deep poverty
13.	Increase SNAP benefit amount for families with children age 0-5 and pregnant women	Social Safety Net	\$731 million if increase is \$30/month per child; \$342 million if \$30/month per family	Those in poverty and deep poverty
14.	Increase CalWORKs grants and expedite timeline for ending deep poverty within CalWORKs	Social Safety Net	\$2.6 billion annually	Those in deep poverty
15.	Supplement the Federal Child Tax Credit with a State Child Tax Credit – Make \$2,000 credit fully refundable	Social Safety Net	\$3.6 billion if applied to children 0-17; \$1.2 billion if limited to children 0-5; \$240 if limited to children under 1 year	Those in poverty
16.	Guaranteed access to child care/early learning subsidies for children 0-8 in poverty	Early Childhood	\$1.5 billion annually to provide slots to children ages 0-4 in deep poverty; \$3.5 billion to provide to provide slots to children ages 0-4 in poverty	Youth in poverty and deep poverty, as well as those at risk of poverty



